

Released Test Answer and Alignment Document Mathematics – Grade 3 Performance Based Assessment

The following pages include the answer key for all machine-scored items, followed by the rubrics for the hand-scored items.

- The rubrics show sample student responses. Other valid methods for solving the problem can earn full credit unless a specific method is required by the item.
- In items where the scores are awarded for full and partial credit, the definition of partial credit will be confirmed during range-finding (reviewing sets of real student work).
- If students make a computation error, they can still earn points for reasoning or modeling.

Item Number	Answer Key	Evidence Statement Key
1	80	3.OA.3-1
2	С	3.OA.7-1
3	Circle Fewer More Reset Or equivalent shading of any 5 sections.	3.NF.1
4	A, B, D	3.NF.3c
5	24	3.MD.1-1
6	A, C, D	3.OA.3-3

7	С	3.MD.5
8	B, D	3.OA.1
9	Part A: 19	3.OA.8
	Part B: 9	
10	Part A:135	3.OA.8
	Part B: 78	
11	Part A: see rubric	3.C.4-2
	Part B: see rubric	
	Part C: see rubric	
12	Part A: see rubric	3.C.3-2
	Part B: see rubric	
13	See rubric	3.C.5-2
14	Part A: See rubric	3.C.4-7
	Part B: see rubric	
15	See rubric	3.D.1
16	Part A: see rubric	3.D.2
	Part B: see rubric	
	Part C: see rubric	
	Part D: see rubric	
17	See rubric	3.D.1

	#11 Part A
Score	Description
1	Student response includes the following element.
	 Reasoning component = 1 point
	 Valid explanation of why Fred's answer is incorrect.
	Sample Student Response:
	Fred's mistake was that he might have used the wrong multiplication
	fact to find his answer. He used 9 x 3 instead of 9 x 4. Because
	$9 \times 4 = 36$, then $36 \div 9 = 4$.
	Notes:
	 A variety of explanations are valid, as long as it is clear that the student understands how the incorrect answer to 36 divided by 9
	was found.
	 A student may possibly use repeated subtraction as a way to show the mistake: 36 - 9 = 27, 27 - 9 = 18, 18 - 9 = 9, 9 - 9 = 0. Credit should be given as long as the various steps are written as separate equations and not as a nonsense statement, and the response shows
	an understanding that because 9 was subtracted 4 times, the correct answer is 4 and not 3.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	#11 Part B	
Score	Description	
1	Student response includes the following element.	
	 Computation component = 1 point 	
	o Correct answer, 4.	
	Sample Student Response:	
	4	
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.	

#11 Part C	
Score	Description
1	Student response includes the following element.
	 Reasoning component = 1 point
	 Student provides a multiplication problem to prove the
	provided answer is correct.
	Sample Student Response:
	$9 \times 4 = 36 \text{ OR } 4 \times 9 = 36$

	Note: If a computation mistake is made in Part B, credit for reasoning can be awarded in this part if a valid equation is provided.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

#12 Part A	
Score	Description
1	Student response includes the following element.
	 Computation component = 1 point
	o Machine Scorable: 42
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	#12 Part B
Score	Description
2	Student response includes the following 2 elements. • Reasoning component = 1 point • Valid explanation of how to find the total area of the porch or valid work for finding the total area
	 Computation component = 1 point Correct total area, 96
	Sample Student Response: I would find the area of each of the two sections of the porch, and then I would add them together.
	$6 \times 7 = 42$ $9 \times 6 = 54$ $42 + 54 = 96$
	The total area of the porch is 96 square feet.
1	Student response includes 1 of the 2 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	#13 Rubric
Score	Description
4	Student response includes the following 4 elements.
	 Reasoning component = 4 points
	 The area of the carpet with supporting work
	 The area of Walkway A with supporting work
	 The area of Walkway B with supporting work
	 The total area with supporting work
	Sample Student Response:
	The area of the carpet is 9 x $7 = 63$ square feet.
	The area of Walkway A is $3 \times 7 = 21$ square feet.
	The area of Walkway B is 3 x 12 = 36 square feet.
	When you add them together to get the area of both tile walkways and the carpet, you get 120 square feet because 63 + 21 + 36 = 120 (or similar explanation).
	Note: When labels are not presented, the elements are scored in the same order as the prompt. The carpet is addressed first, the walkways next (in either order), and the total last.
3	Student response includes 3 of the 4 elements.
2	Student response includes 2 of the 4 elements.
1	Student response includes 1 of the 4 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	#14 Part A
Score	Description
2	Student response includes the following 2 elements.
	 Reasoning component = 1 point
	 Valid explanation of why Jeanie's reasoning was incorrect
	using the ones place and tens place
	• Computation component = 1 point
	o Correct total number of buttons, 98
	Sample Student Response:
	Jeanie's reasoning is incorrect because she didn't realize that 18
	means 1 ten and 8 ones. So she didn't add the 10 when she added
	the other tens. She put the 8 tens in the hundreds place. The total
	number of buttons she has is 98 because
	¹ 20
	19
	31
	+ 28
	98.
	Or equivalent explanation.
1	Student response includes 1 of the 2 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	#14 Part B
Score	Description
2	Student response includes the following 2 elements.
	Reasoning component = 1 point
	 Correct explanation of why Jeanie's reasoning for
	subtraction was incorrect
	• Computation component = 1 point
	o Correct number of buttons, 12
	Sample Student Response:
	Jeanie's reasoning is incorrect because she subtracted the smaller
	number from the larger number in each place and did not consider
	the numbers 31 and 19 as two-digit numbers. She has 12 more red
	buttons than orange buttons.

	² 3 ¹ 1
	– 19
	12
	Or equivalent explanation.
1	Student response includes 1 of the 2 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

#15 Rubric		
Score	Description	
3	Student response includes the following 3 elements.	
	 Modeling component = 2 points 	
	 Valid method to find the number of pictures in one package 	
	and gives the correct number of pictures; 9	
	 Valid method showing how the number of pictures in a 	
	package is used to find the number of packages	
	 Computation component = 1 point Correct number of packages, 4 Sample Student Response: Number of pictures in 1 package: 4 + 3 + 2 = 9 pictures Number of packages: 36 ÷ 9 = 4 Mr. Haley bought 4 packages. 	
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.	
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.	
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.	

#16 Part A	
Score	Description
1	Student response includes the following element. • Computation component = 1 point o Machine Scorable: D
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

#16 Part B	
Score	Description
1	Student response includes the following element. • Computation component = 1 point o Machine Scorable: C
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

#16 Part C	
Score	Description
1	Student response includes the following element. • Computation component = 1 point o Machine Scorable: 4
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

#16 Part D	
Score	Description
3	Student response includes the following 3 elements. • Computation component = 2 points
	 Correct number of total points scored by the top two scorers, 37
	 Correct number of points scored by the rest of the team, 26
	Modeling component = 1 point
	o Correct work
	Sample Student Response:
	The top two players scored 37 points because $25 + 12 = 37$. The rest of the team scored 26 points because $63 - 37 = 26$.
	Notes: • A correct procedure that uses a single equation can receive credit for the total points scored by the top two scorers. A correct two step procedure that doesn't add the two top scorers can receive full credit.
	 Response does not need to show work for the total number of points scored by the Lions to receive credit (this was found in Part A).
2	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.
1	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.

	#17 Rubric
Score	Description
3	Student response includes the following 3 elements.
	 Modeling component = 2 points
	 Valid method to find the total time traveling to and from the library
	 Valid method to find the difference between the time
	spent at the library and the time spent traveling to and
	from the library
	 Computation component = 1 point
	 Correct number of minutes, 4
	Sample Student Response:
	Add the walking to the library time and the driving home time to
	get the total time traveling.
	26 + 15 = 41 minutes
	Then subtract the total traveling time from the time spent at the
	library to get the difference.
	45-41 = 4 minutes
	Note:
	Any equation, drawing, or explanation that can reasonably be used
2	to solve this problem is acceptable.
1	Student response includes 2 of the 3 elements.
	Student response includes 1 of the 3 elements.
0	Student response is incorrect or irrelevant.